

Marine Discovery Centre Activities – Australian Curriculum Links

YEAR 4	
Science	Humanities and Social Sciences
Science understanding	Skills
Biological sciences	Concluding and decision-making
Explain the roles and interactions of consumers, producers and decomposers within a habitat and how food chains represent feeding	Propose actions or responses to an issue or challenge that consider possible effects of actions (AC9HS4S06)
relationships (AC9S4U01)	Knowledge and understanding
Earth and space sciences	History
 Identify sources of water and describe key processes in the water cycle, including movement of water through the sky, landscape and ocean; precipitation; evaporation; and condensation (AC9S4U02) 	The diversity of First Nations Australians, their social organisation and their continuous connection to Country/Place (AC9HS4K01)
Science as a human endeavour	Geography
Nature and development of science	The importance of environments, including natural vegetation and water
Examine how people use data to develop scientific explanations (AC9S4H01)	sources, to people and animals in Australia and on another continent (AC9HS4K05)
Use and influence of science	Sustainable use and management of renewable and non-renewable
Consider how people use scientific explanations to meet a need or solve	resources, including the custodial responsibility First Nations Australians have for Country/Place (AC9HS4K06)
a problem (AC9S4H02)	Civics and citizenship
	The roles of local government and how members of the community use and contribute to local services (AC9HS4K08)



Marine Discovery Centre Activities – Australian Curriculum Links

Cross-Curricular Priorities

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Histories and Culture Country/Place

 First Nations communities of Australia maintain a deep connection to, and responsibility for, Country/Place and have holistic values and belief systems that are connected to the land, sea, sky and waterways (A_TSICP1)

Culture

 First Nations Australians' ways of life reflect unique ways of being, knowing, thinking and doing (A_TSIC2)

Sustainability

Systems

- All life forms, including human life, are connected through Earth's systems (geosphere, biosphere, hydrosphere and atmosphere) on which they depend for their wellbeing and survival (SS1)
- Sustainable patterns of living require the responsible use of resources, maintenance of clean air, water and soils, and preservation or restoration of healthy environments (SS2)
- Social, economic and political systems influence the sustainability of Earth's systems (SS3)

Design

 Sustainably designed products, environments and services aim to minimise the impact on or restore the quality and diversity of environmental, social and economic systems (SD1)

Futures

 Sustainable futures require individuals to seek information, identify solutions, reflect on and evaluate past actions, and collaborate with and influence others as they work towards a desired change (SF2)